



NAL<sup>®</sup> - NATURAL ACCOMMODATION LENS

OmniLux<sup>®</sup>

## Fitting & Dispensing Guide

*Enjoy natural  
youthful  
vision again<sup>™</sup>*



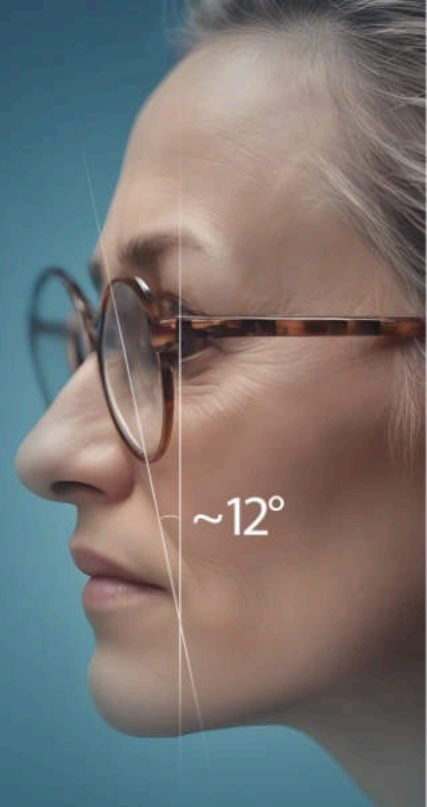
NAL<sup>®</sup> AND OMNILUX<sup>®</sup> ARE UPSTO REGISTERED TRADEMARKS OF QUEST VISION CARE SPECIALTY LAB

# ADJUST THE FRAME

Pantoscopic tilt is the key!

ALWAYS CHECK ON THE FACE

- Select a frame with a minimum "B" measurement of 32mm
- Adjust the frame on the patient for maximum comfort and accuracy before taking any measurements
- Set the recommended pantoscopic tilt between 10° and 12°  
Make sure it is never less than 10°
- Frame should have positive facial wrap



## MEASURE PUPILLARY DISTANCE

Always take monocular PD to ensure exact decentration of the eye behind the lens

OmniLux®  
NAL® Natural Accommodation Lens

### There are two kinds of OmniLux® NAL® lenses

THE ONLY DIFFERENCE IS IN HOW THE DESIGN IS PLACED ON THE LENS

OmniLux®  
NAL® Natural Accommodation Lens

**Fitting Height is not needed**  
But Tracing data is required  
for the Ai in order to calculate  
the individual design placement

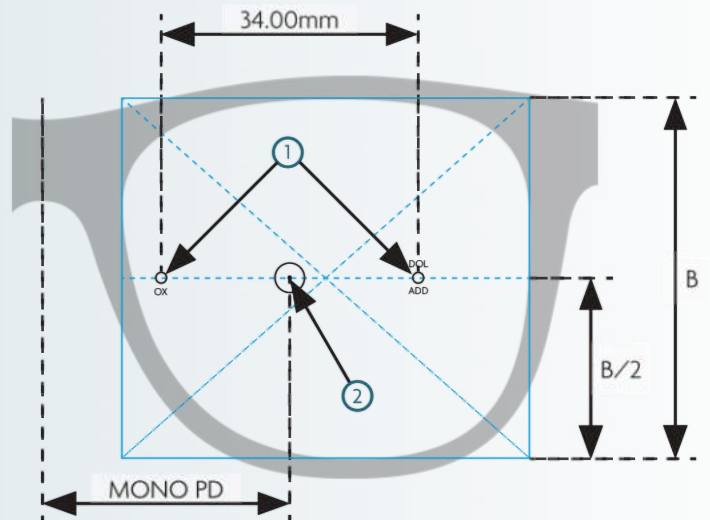
OmniLux® CUSTOM  
NAL® Natural Accommodation Lens

**Fitting Height is required**  
And no Tracing data is needed  
as the Ai is not involved in  
the individual design placement

**ENGRAVING INDEX**

Description	Engraving
Omnilux <sup>®</sup> NAL <sup>®</sup>	OX
Addition Power	ADD

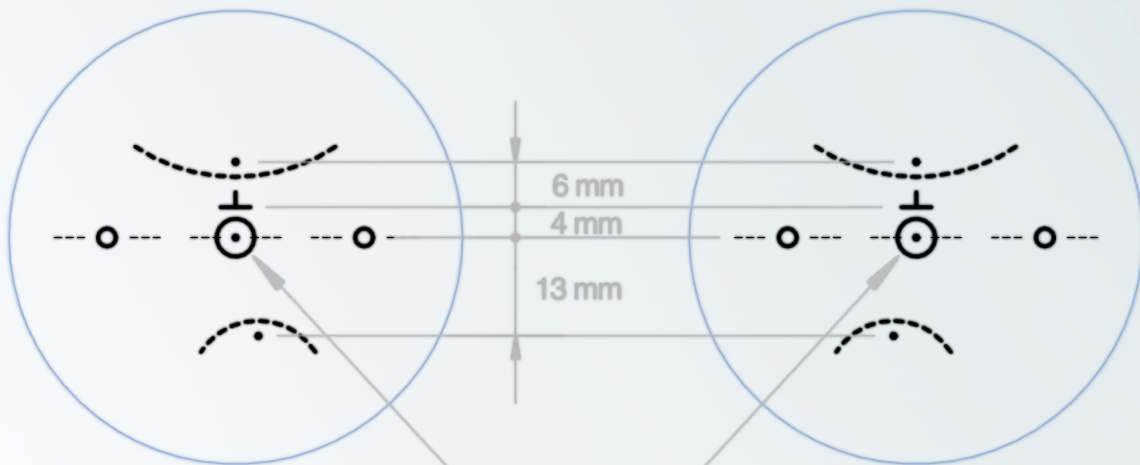
- ① Engraving marks
- ② ERP - Engraving Reference Point (= Power Verification Point and Prism Reference Point)



**VERIFICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

- Dot lenses directly in the middle between engraving marks and measure the distance to the center of the bridge for the correct monocular PD.
- Verify LMS ( Lab Management System ) calculated power value and prism at the ERP (Engraving Reference Point).

**MINIMUM FITTING HEIGHT 19 MM**



**Power Verification Reference Point (PVRP) & Prism Reference Point (PRP)**

# DISPENSING & TROUBLESHOOTING

- Place the frame on the patient's face. Make sure the pantoscopic tilt is 10° to 12°.
- With the Distance PD marked verify that the PD is in the center of the patient's pupil.
- Have the patient validate they can see well.

## VISION ISSUE

## RESOLUTION

Patient has narrow reading area:

Verify PD Measurements  
Add pantoscopic tilt and decrease vertex distance

Peripheral vision blurs and moves:

Adjust frame to decrease vertex distance and to increase facial wrap  
Verify panto tilt is between 10° and 12°  
Spread nose pads or lower the frame

Patient lifts head or glasses to read:

**Lenses are too low:**

- Adjust frame to sit higher on patient's face
- Adjust nose pads closer together
- Increase pantoscopic tilt to 10-12° and have patient confirm the change corrected the issue

Patient lowers head or glasses to read at a distance:

**Lenses are too high:**

- Adjust frame to sit lower on the patient's face
- Lower frame by widening nose pads
- Increase pantoscopic tilt and have patient confirm the change corrected the issue

Patient moves reading material off to side for better focus:

**PD is off or lenses are mounted incorrectly:**

- Verify monocular PD measurement
- Mark the Distance PD measurements in the frame
- Mark the PD on the frame (midway between the engraving marks) and verify the PD is in front of the patient's iris
- Have lenses remade with correct PD measurements

Distance vision is slightly blurry:

- Increase pantoscopic tilt
- Distance vision is slightly blurry:
- Verify lens power
- New RX/old RX comparison